



Canzone delle fate

per coro e orchestra

Guido Gavazzi

Canzone delle fate

(musica di G. Gavazzi testo D. Barbonetti)

$\text{♩} = 72$

10

coro

flauto

violini

triangolo

tamburello

gran cassa

pianoforte

The musical score is written for a 2/4 time signature in B-flat major. It features seven staves: Coro (empty), Flauto (melodic line starting at measure 8), Violini (pizzicato accompaniment), Triangolo (rhythmic pattern), Tamburello (rhythmic pattern), Gran Cassa (rhythmic pattern), and Pianoforte (harmonic accompaniment). Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *Pizz.* (pizzicato). The score ends at measure 10.

Fi- lo- me- na tu ca- ri- na, cul- la il son- no al- la re-

C.
fl.
v.ni.
trgl.
tamb.
g.c.
pf.

20 gi- na con la me- lo- dio- sa can- na, nin- na nan- na, nin- na nan- na, voi ra- gnet- ti tes- si-

c.

fl

v.ni

trgl

tamb

g.c.

pf

Arco

mf

mf

to- ri, zam- pa lun- ga an- da- te vi- a vi- a lu- ma- che sca- ra- 30 ag- gi via da

c.

fl

v.ni

trgl

tamb

g.c.

pf

que- sti su- oi pa- rag- gi, ver- mi via non di- stur- ba- te la re- gi- na del- le fa- te.

c.

fl

v.ni

trgl

tamb

g.c.

pf

p

The musical score consists of five staves. The Cello (c.) staff is mostly silent. The Flute (fl.) staff begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and features a melodic line with slurs and grace notes. The Violin (v.ni.) staff starts with a *Pizz.* (pizzicato) instruction and plays a rhythmic eighth-note pattern. The Percussion (trgl, tamb, g.c.) staves show a simple drum pattern with a snare drum (trgl) and cymbal (g.c.) in the first measure. The Piano (pf) staff is marked piano (*p*) and provides harmonic support with chords and single notes in both hands.

The musical score for page 50 is arranged in a multi-staff format. The instruments are listed on the left: C. (Clarinet), fl. (Flute), v.ni (Violin), trgl. (Trumpet), tamb. (Trombone), g.c. (Guitar), and pf. (Piano). The piano part (pf) is written in a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The first measure of the piano part begins with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic marking. The flute and violin parts have a few notes in the first measure, while the other instruments are mostly silent, indicated by rests. The piano part features a complex rhythmic pattern with sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and some rests. The score is set in a key with one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature.

Fi- lo- me- na tu ca- ri- na, cul- la il son- no al- la re- gi- na con la

c.

fl

v.ni

trgl

tamb

g.c.

pf

p

me- lo- dio- sa can- na, nin- na ⁶nan- na, nin- na nan- na, e vi ser- pi ma- cu- la- te dal- le

c.

fl

v.ni

trgl

tamb

g.c.

pf

Arco

mf

mf

mf

lin- gue bi- for- cu- te nel- le te- ne- bre re- sta- te e na- sco- ste ri- ma- ne- te, a Ti

c.

fl

v.ni

trgl

tamb

g.c.

pf

70 ta- nia del- le fa- te, un' of- fe- sa non re- ca- te! Fi- lo- me- na tu ca-

c.

fl

v.ni

trgl

tamb

g.c.

pf

p

Pizz.

p

p

ri- na, cul- la il son- no al- la re- gi- na con la me- lo- dio- sa 8@an- na, nin- na nan- na, nin- na nan- na,

c.

fl

v.ni

trgl

tamb

g.c.

pf